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SUBJECT : Or	ganization Papers on C	vcs.	
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You may find t assistance:	he attached organizati	on papers on OCS of	
Attachment 4	. The community of the community and	AD/CS responsibilities	
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Attachment B -	Draft Mission and Fun (19 March 1964).	ction statement for OC	! •
Attachment C -	establishing Services, DD/S&T. (5	the Office of Computer i August 1963).	
Attachment D -		the former ADF Divisionaller, to CCS, DD/SMT.	3,
Attachment E -		ding establishment of a rvices. (28 May 1963)	
Attachment F -	Statement for the for	the Mission and Punction wer CIA Automotic Data 'S. (10 October 1%1).	
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downgrading and
declassification

19 June 1964

OFFICE OF COMPUTER SERVICES, DD/S&F

RESPONSIBILITIES

I. Operational Responsibilities

Provides computing services for all types of computing applications (management, intelligence, and scientific) for all components of the Agency, as appropriate. (Performs the CIA computing service function except for NPIC and where separate computing facilities now exist.)

In providing the above range of services, performs the following:

- A. Problem Analysis to determine the nature, scope, objectives, and suitability of proposed applications.
- B. EDP Systems Design to design computing systems to meet objectives by defining inputs, processing, outputs, schedules, etc.
- C. Computer Programming to translate the system design into detailed computer instructions, including test and debug of programs.
- D. Computer Operations to schedule work flow and operate the CIA Computer Center equipment to produce the required computer outputs.

II. Developmental Responsibilities (Major, long-term efforts)

- A. Project CHIVE Performs study of Agency needs for a centralized document/information storage and retrieval system and designs a computer-driven system to meet CIA present end anticipated needs.
- B. Machine Translation/Stenowriter Project Conducts project, involving the building by contractor of special purpose hardware/software, to develop an

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in-house capability to translate by machine to English both natural language(s) and the Stenowriter symbolic language.

III. Management Control and Reporting Responsibilities

- A. Serves as the central point within CIA for reporting to management and external Agencies on CIA automatic data processing activities (including CIA machine inventory, utilization, personnel, and cost statistics).
- B. Serves as central liaison point within CIA for external contacts in the field of automatic data processing.
- C. Controls the acquisition of data processing equipment in CIA by serving as approval/disapproval point for all ADP equipment acquisition proposals.
- D. Serves as Chairman, CIA Automatic Data Processing Committee whose function is the coordination of planning and development of CIA's automatic data processing resources.

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LOCATION OF PROGRAMMERS WITHIN DD/S&T (POLICY QUESTION)

- I. The development of the scientific computing effort within the DD/S&T surfaces a policy question on where the computer Programmers required for this effort will be placed.
- 2. There are two basic options: (a) place these Programmers here and there throughout the Directorate within the line structure of the various sections, branches, and divisions having need for scientific computing support; or (b) place these Programmers centrally within OCS for service to all.
- 3. The following chart shows the present classes of scientific computing support in the DD/S&T and DD/S&T users. (See next page)

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- 5. Someday, we hope that the man-machine relationship will have so developed that computing skills as a speciality will become largely unnecessary. And we believe there is a fair chance of this within the next ten years. But the state of the art today (and tomorrow) does require very specialized skills and these skills are typically centralized for both their development and their utilization.
- Programmer resources, we can (1) get a good deal more computational mileage from such skills for support to all and can (2) much more effectively recruit, train, supervise, and develop and hold such computing skills. By so proceeding we are also moving in harmony with the basic platform of any centralized Office of Computer Services, rather than contrary thereto.*

 By so proceeding, as well, we will avoid the competition which otherwise will result among the several DD/S&T components for the very same skills. If we decentralize our DD/S&T computing personnel, FMSAC, OSI, OSA, SAS, OEL, etc., will all be competing to recruit, train, provide adequate EDP supervision for, and develop and hold the same basic skills. This is, in a very real sense, contrary to the basic notion of the DD/S&T Directorate itself—which was formed to pull together S&T skills rather than leaving them scattered through the Agency.

7. Case in Point: Automation Division, OSA, and OCS --

A specific reflection of this issue which, by historic accident, already exists within the DD/S&T is the Automation Division of OSA. OCS believes the Automation Division of OSA should merge with the Computer Services Office of DD/S&T. ** Some specifics on the advantages of merging:

There will, of course, be isolated instances where the user component does have someone on board who will develop a journeyman-level programming competence but, for some time to come, such will be the exception rather than the rule.

This idea was discussed when OCS first came into the DD/S&T. It was decided then to leave things as they were during the formative months of the Directorate. This question has now been raised in recent OSA-OCS discussions originated by OSA.

a. The merging of the Automation Division with your Computer Services Office fits the basic notion behind the establishment of OCS in the first place. The continuation of a computer services division within CSA, or any other Office, clearly does not.

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b. T	he Automation Division function would be super-
vised by	of OCS, as OSA itself apparently
desires.	has the most knowledgeable background
of any CIA po	erson in the computing function of the OSA mission.
	as consultant to OSA before joining OCS. One of
the reasons	came to CIA and one of the reasons
CIA went to	was the OSA computing support re-
quirement.	Yet is now largely cut off from this
effort princip	pally because of the sense of rivalry in the
	division which the present organizational
structure has	

fix Merging the Automation Division with OCS will facilitate the exploitation of OCS resources for the OSA task--and, to some degree, vice versa. "Resources" here include hardware, software, and human skills.

- d. Duplication in programming efforts between OCS and the Automation Division will be eliminated. (Example: Computer routines to convert the UTM Coordinate System to geographic location and plot these points on display maps. This problem was independently done in both OCS and the Automation Division. The OCS program is good for the entire world while the OSA program is good for a specific geographic region only. Many man days of work and checking went into each of these programming efforts.)
- e. A new contract for outside computer programming support now being negotiated by OSA might not be necessary because (1) would contribute his first rank knowledge to the problem, (2) OCS has top notch and proven contractor skills already on board and cleared to supplement its own resources, (3) OCS has and other programs which may be pertinent to what would be asked of the contractor under the proposed contract.

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. 201	f. OC3 scheduling of com	puter time would be more	
eificier	it because we would have b	ut one system of scheduling.	
wherea	s now blocks of IBM 7090		25
	y (at a cost of	per month) are	25X
reserve	ed for OSA in the middle of	the prime daily production	
period.	OSA actual usage, includ	ing overtime hours (nights	
and wee	kends) and including debug	and test runs which could	
more p	roperly be run on non-prin	ne time, has not exceeded	:
	in the past few months.		1
-01 T	h.f.u.5.5		-
o. in the	ninking about the policy que	estion discussed in this paper	
as it relates	to the Automation Division	n of OSA, you may find the	
somowing ac	hedule for merging of help		
	n Panin Assess	with ocs Su	1019
and	a. Early August -		/ 25X
ocs.		will EOD with	

	b. Early September -		25X
		will, in addition to	
arm of OCS	with as Deputy.	named as Chief of the scientific	
	as Deputy.		
	c. Mid-September -	will start to increase	25X
	ent in Automation Division	will start to increase	
o the merge	T.	vacciatites, higheresora	
	d. Late September -	will take over from	25>
		non-OSA computing work-	
oad to free	to spend 50 % to	o 75% of his time on the	•
OSA effort.	is required.	is the time on the	
4	s. Early October - Autom	eation Division OSA will	
		f Computer Services, DD/S&T.	
The Automat	tion Division group will be	supervised divertive by	25)
(Tra	nsier to include alota incu	imbents, FY65 budget, and	237
equipment.	Relocation within the holld	ling to be a function of specific	
consideratio	n and availability of space	in the OCS area !	
- ,		in the COS area.	
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that its computer support is greatly improved